## MATH 5061 Problem Set 5<sup>1</sup> Due date: Apr 7, 2021

Problems: (Please hand in your assignments via Blackboard. Late submissions will not be accepted.)

Throughout this assignment, we use (M,g) to denote a smooth n-dimensional Riemannian manifold with its Levi-Civita connection  $\nabla$  unless otherwise stated. The Riemann curvature tensor (as a (0,4)-tensor) of (M,g) is denoted by R.

- 1. Let (M, g) be a Riemannian manifold. Fix  $p \in M$ .
  - (a) Suppose the exponential map  $\exp_p$  is defined on the whole tangent space  $T_pM$ . Prove that for any  $q \in M$ , there exists a geodesic  $\gamma$  joining p to q such that  $L(\gamma)$  realized the Riemannian distance  $\rho(p,q)$  between p and q. Use this to show that  $(M,\rho)$  is complete as a metric space.
  - (b) Prove the converse of (a), i.e. suppose  $(M, \rho)$  is a complete metric space, show that  $\exp_p$  is well-defined on  $T_pM$ .
- 2. Prove that every Jacobi field V along a geodesic  $\gamma$  in (M,g) arises from the variation vector field of a 1-parameter family of geodesics.
- 3. A vector field  $X \in \Gamma(TM)$  is said to be a Killing vector field if  $\mathcal{L}_X g = 0$ .
  - (a) Suppose M is compact. Show that X is a Killing vector field if and only if the flow  $\{\varphi_t\}$  of diffeomorphisms of M generated by X consists of isometries of (M, g).
  - (b) Prove that any Killing vector field X restricts to a Jacobi field on every geodesic in M.
  - (c) Suppose M is connected. Show that a Killing vector field X on M which vanishes at some  $p \in M$  and  $\nabla_Y X(p) = 0$  for all  $Y(p) \in T_p M$  must vanish everywhere on M.
- 4. Show that Synge theorem does not hold in odd dimensions.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{Last}$  revised on April 6, 2021